

Let's Calculate...

# The 3 formulas for Speed, Time & Distance:

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$$\text{Speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$$

Solving for **Speed**

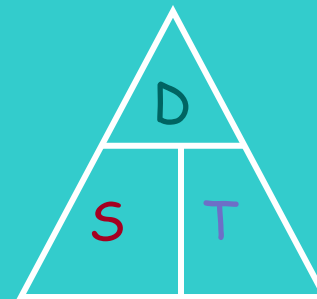
$$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}}$$

Solving for **Time**

$$\text{Distance} = \text{Speed} \times \text{Time}$$

Solving for **Distance**

Remember them from  
this triangle:



# Speed

Find the average speed of the car:

Distance: 80 miles

Time: 3 hours



# Speed

Find the average speed of the airplane:

Distance: 2,000 miles

Time: 3.5 hours



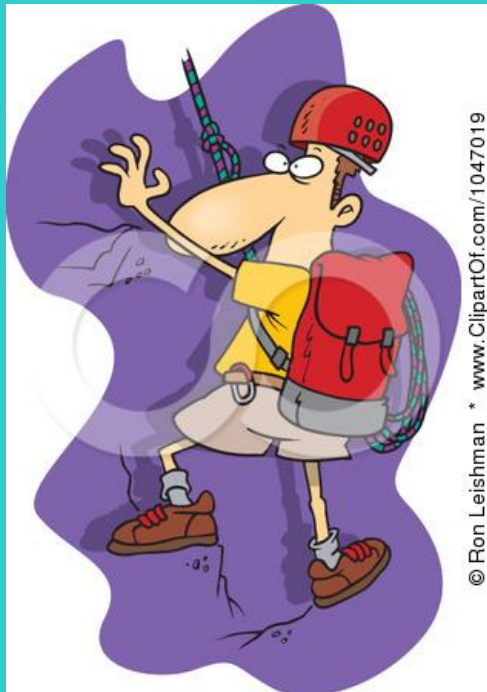
# Velocity

Velocity is the same as speed, but remember you have to have direction!

$$V = d / t$$

# Velocity

- Calculate the velocity of a mountain climber if that climber is moving northeast at a pace of 1.6 km in 1.4 hours?



# Combining Velocities

When you combine two velocities that are the **same direction** you **ADD** to get the resultant velocity.

# Combining Velocity

If a train is going 20 mph east and a passenger is going 2 mph east (the same direction). What is the passenger's resultant velocity?





# Combining Velocities

When you combine two velocities that are the **opposite direction** you **SUBTRACT** to get the resultant velocity.

# Combining Velocity

If a train is going 20 mph east and a passenger is going 2 mph west (the opposite direction). What is the passengers resultant velocity?



# Average Acceleration

$$\bar{a} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

# Average Acceleration

A roller coaster car rapidly picks up speed as it rolls down a slope. As it starts down the slope, its speed is  $4 \text{ m/s}$ . But 3 seconds later, at the bottom of the slope, its speed is  $22 \text{ m/s}$ . What is its average acceleration?

